

LOS PRONOMBRES

Directos	Indirectos	Reflexivos
1 st sing <i>me=me</i>	<i>me=to/for me</i>	<i>me=myself</i>
2 nd sing <i>te=you</i>	<i>te=to, for you</i>	<i>te=yourself</i>
3 rd sing <i>la=her, it, you</i> <i>lo=him, it, you</i>	<i>le=to, for him, her, it, you</i>	<i>se=yourself, himself, herself, itself</i>
1 st pl. <i>nos=us</i>	<i>nos=to, for us</i>	<i>nos=ourselves</i>
3 rd pl. <i>los=them, you all</i> <i>las=them, you all</i>	<i>les=to, for them, you all</i>	<i>se=themselves, yourselves</i>
WHAT?	WHO?	FOR SELF

Las Reglas:

- ❖ Object pronouns replace nouns
- ❖ Object pronouns are placed in front of conjugated verbs, are attached to infinitive verbs or are attached to positive commands
- ❖ The order of pronouns is Indirect+ Direct (Reflexive first of all=R.I.D.)
- ❖ You can't have TWO pronouns in a row that start with the letter "L"
- ❖ If you have TWO verbs in the sentence, there are TWO ways to write the sentence using pronouns!!!

~~le~~
SE= ~~les~~ + lo, la, los, las

Define the following verbs:

dar= to give	poder= to be able, can	servir= to serve
mandar= to send	ir= to go	decir= to say, tell
prestar= to lend	comprar= to buy	querer= to want, love
ofrecer= to offer	vender= to sell	

Ejemplos:

Robert gives the piñatas to the children.

V	DO	IO
(dar)	(las)	(les=se)...Roberto se las da.

Robert is going to give the piñatas to the children.

V	V	DO	IO
(ir)	(dar)	(las)	(les=se)

Roberto va a dárselas. OR..Roberto se las va a dar.

Attachments

Español 2 Preterit Practice.docx

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Put the verbs in the Preterit.doc

translate sents to preterit.doc